

## DONE AND UNDONE.

What Congress Has Accomplished Thus Far,  
And the Things it Has Not Accomplished.

### EIGHT MONTHS' WORK

And What There is to Show for It.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—(Special.)—All the world is out of town. Congressmen and citizens are commemorating the patriotic dead. For the twenty-seventh time the walks and groves of lovely Arlington cemetery are filled with vast throngs, and the graves are strewn with flowers. As all business is suspended, this is as good a time as any to look over the record and see what the Fifty-third congress has done in the nearly eight months of its sitting. As everybody knows that the special session was devoted to the repeal of the Sherman law of 1890, that may be passed without further comment.

**The More Important Work.**  
First in the regular session, of course, was the question of supplies, and the first urgent deficiency bill appropriated \$1,237,255.66 and contained a provision authorizing the commissioner of labor to prepare at once an abstract of the main facts collected at the last census bearing on the subjects dealt with by this department. The next appropriation was \$383,198, including \$50,000 for the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act and \$30,000 to be expended in protecting the interests of the United States in suits affecting the Pacific railroads. The third bill of this class appropriated \$300,000 and included the provision that no person granted under existing laws should be withheld or suspended without 30 days' notice to the pensioner, and that such notice must contain a specific statement of any charges against the pensioner. All these went rapidly through the senate, of course, and so did the much discussed bill repealing all federal election laws.

The foregoing attracted public attention at the time of their passage, but several bills of less popular interest have become laws, and among them these: Bill changing the method of accounting in the treasury department; bill to provide an American register for the steamer El Estero; bill for the appointment of a commission to the Antwerp International exposition; bill appropriating \$45,000 for the recovery of the armament and fragments of the United States warship Kearsarge; joint resolution for conferring diplomas upon designers, inventors and expert artisans; various bills providing for strict methods of accounting and taking bonds in the postal department, and numerous private bills, and bills for the erection of bridges over navigable rivers.

**Bills Yet to Be Acted On.**  
Of house bills which have not yet passed the senate the list is quite long, beginning, of course, with the famous Wilson bill, and the oft-discussed prophecies are now prophesying anew that in a few days more it also will pass the senate by a majority of four certainly and possibly eight. They base their prophecy on the statement of leading Republicans that they will no longer try to delay it, on the action of Senator Gorman, who generally comes in with his speech just before a compromise is made effective, and on the now conceded fact that the Populist senators will vote for the bill. The house has also passed bills for the admission of Utah and Arizona as states; and the senate has passed certain abandoned military reservations. The important New York and New Jersey bridge bill, amended to meet the objections assigned in the president's veto, also awaits only the action of the senate to become a law. Another bill of some importance is that to regulate steam vessels of 1,000 tons or more to have one engineer and helper always on watch when under way and to carry licensed engineers when under steam for 10 hours. Still another is that abolishing the offices of commissioner of customs and deputy commissioner.

**Matters of Little Importance.**  
Among the minor bills passed by the house are these: Bill amending and codifying the laws relative to recognizances, stipulations, bonds and undertakings, and to allow certain corporations to be accepted as surety thereon; bill permitting hotel licenses in the Yellowstone park; bill to protect the insignia and name of the Red Cross society; bill authorizing officers of the navy to administer oaths; bill amending the regulations for preventing collisions at sea; joint resolution authorizing the wearing of the distinctive badge adopted by the Regular Army and Navy upon all occasions of ceremony, and to miscellaneous mass of private bills. Of the 14 annual appropriation bills, the house has passed 13 and in them has put some tolerably important amendments. One of these declares that the law of 1856 for deducting the duties on plate glass is no longer in force, and the other cuts down the appropriations for the civil service commission to a point which is expected to leave it quite a harmless affair. In the Indian appropriation bill as introduced the committee has made many changes, most of them in the direction of reducing the number of employees and simplifying the work. It has also provided for relocating all the Indian tribes and bands which were dissatisfied with their previous assignment, and it is claimed that in every case the new location is satisfactory to the Indians. The general statement shows a better condition and more peaceful temper among all the Indians than for many years. In like manner the statements of the foreign affairs committee show that, with one or two small exceptions, our relations with other countries are very satisfactory, and that the world is now in a more peaceful condition of general peace than it has been at any time since 1853.

In the foregoing summary no mention has been made of Hawaii, Bering sea, of the Mosquito coast, as no member speaks of these matters as settled, and, as to the senate, the Nicaragua canal and the Chinese treaty are about as they were at the beginning. As to action in the immediate future one man's guess is as good as another's. The District of Columbia is still clamoring for action, and Mr. Richardson of Tennessee is pushing his bill authorizing it to issue bonds to the amount of \$7,500,000 and directing the commissioners to lay it out in a system of sewer extension and other needed improvements. This bill was asked for by the commissioners as a sub-

stitute for that introduced by Senator Peffer a month ago. There is also very strong pressure for some action which will hasten the resumption of work at various navy yards and other places where Uncle Sam has to pay the bills.

### REGULARLY FORTIFIED.

Cripple Creek Miners Build Two More Forts During the Night.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., May 30.—A heavy downpour of rain has made the roads almost impassable and it is not believed the army of deputies will move against the miners today. The strikers it is said have laid mines of dynamite under all the approaches to Bull Hill, which can be touched off by electricity, destroying the enemy. Two formidable redoubts on the line of the Florence & Cripple Creek railroad in the canon near Wilbur were built during the night and it will be easy for a small force stationed there to repulse 1,000 men.

**Gov. Waite Is There.**  
DENVER, May 30.—After giving it out that he would not start for Cripple Creek until today, Gov. Waite took a special train last night over the Denver & Rio Grande railroad for Florence, hence he will proceed today to the miners' stronghold. He is accompanied by Adjutant General Tarsney. The governor will hold a secret conference with the leaders of the strikers. He said he would talk to them as a Knight of Labor, and hoped to induce them to compromise.

### OHIO MILITIA OUT.

Governor McKinley Calls Out Troops to Protect a Train.

COLUMBUS, O., May 30.—Sheriff Riley of Athens county, today called on Gov. McKinley for troops to release a train seized by miners at Gloucester. News from Gloucester means, however, that Gov. McKinley is in Cincinnati, and his adjutant general and assistant adjutant general are at their respective homes on account of Decoration day. Gloucester is at the junction of the Columbus, Shawnee & Hocking and Toledo & Ohio Central roads. The Toledo & Ohio lines tap West Virginia. The Norfolk & Western has been delivering cars of coal in West Virginia to the Toledo & Ohio Central. It is some of this coal that has been stopped at Gloucester. A bridge was burned today near Gloucester and more effectively stops the coal trains.

CINCINNATI, May 30.—Gov. McKinley is here today to deliver the Memorial address tonight. While conferring with friends, he received dispatches from Sheriff Riley, repeated from Columbus, calling for troops to suppress a riot at Gloucester, on the Toledo & Ohio Central, where the strikers today captured a train and refused to allow coal trains to run. The militia at Athens were ordered to the relief of the sheriff at Gloucester.

### HONOR TO HORACE GREELY.

A Statue Unveiled of Him by Typographical Union No. 6.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Horace Greeley's memory was honored by Typographical Union No. 6 today, when the statue by Alexander Doyle at the junction of Broadway, Sixth avenue and Thirty-third street was unveiled. There was an oration by Congressman Amos J. Cummings and President Kelleck of the New York Press club spoke on "Horace Greeley's influence on the newspaper men of today."

The statue is of heroic proportions. From the base of the plain polished granite pedestal to the top of the statue measures sixteen feet. It represents Mr. Greeley seated in an armchair in the attitude of meditation, a newspaper clasped in his right hand, his glasses in his left. The statue itself is seven feet in height. On the pedestal is the inscription: "Erected under the auspices of Typographical Union No. 6."

### CLUBBED THE SPECTATORS

Chicago Police Charged Those Assembled to See the Bicycle Race.

CHICAGO, May 30.—In the great bicycle road race here today as soon as the last starter disappeared the immense crowd which lined the course became unmanageable. Surging back and forth, straining at the ropes and crowding over one another in an attempt to reach a point of vantage, the drive was soon black with people. Ropes parted and the police lines were broken, and in the crush many people were knocked down and trampled upon, although none were seriously injured. The starter's police time and again charged upon the lines and only after a vicious amount of clubbing was the track cleared. Soon disabled riders began to make their appearance limping down the course showing or carrying their broken steeds.

### JUDGE WEBB WANTS IT.

Would Be a Candidate for Associate Justice.

The latest political story is to the effect that Judge W. C. Webb will be a candidate for the nomination of associate justice of the supreme court before the Populist state convention.

It is said that Judge Webb recently wrote to Judge Hiram Stevens of Paola asking for his support in case he would not himself be a candidate. Judge Stevens is said to have replied that he would not be a candidate, and that he had decided to go back to the Republican party.

### DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

All the Speakers Fear the Coming of Woman Suffrage.

There is a Democratic meeting every Tuesday night at Flambéau hall and last night the usual enthusiastic crowd was present. Speeches were made by R. R. Bloom and others. All the speakers agreed that the worst calamity which could befall the state would be the adoption of woman suffrage.

J. E. Smith, president of the club, presided, and R. C. Darnell acted as secretary of the meeting.

**Bad Failure at Atchison.**  
ATCHISON, Kans., May 30.—Jacob Leu & Sons, wholesale tin plate metal, etc., gave the National Bank a chattel mortgage for \$21,000 last night. The failure is a bad one.

Adjutant General Davis is opening up a new set of records in his office and is attempting to ascertain the amount of property in the hands of the members of the Kansas National Guard. He is sending out blank reports to captains of the various companies.

## SIX ARE KILLED

In a Railroad Accident on the Wisconsin Central.

MILWAUKEE, May 30.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin, from Marshfield, Wis., says: The St. Paul limited southbound train on the Wisconsin Central road, which passed here at 10:03, met with a horrible accident.

The train, which was in charge of Conductor Gavlin and was made up of seven coaches and sleepers, left Marshfield behind time, and while running at fifty miles an hour struck a defective split switch at Mannville, a deserted station, derailing the entire train and piling engine and cars in a heap of broken timbers.

The victims are:

JAMES HUBBARD, engineer, of Stevens Point.  
GEORGE GEBHART, fireman, of Stevens Point.  
JOHN BIGELOW, head brakeman, of Stevens Point.  
RUSSELL, civil engineer, Stevens Point.

An aged man and woman, names unknown, burned in the ruins; it is said they were not on the train at St. Paul.

Injured.  
Henry C. Hester, Marshfield, legs and spine badly injured; O. W. Bozely, news agent, Stevens Point, injured internally; Arthur Turney, Chicago, head cut and otherwise injured; will recover; Dr. Weitzel, Glidden, hurt internally; Fannie Burtie, Springfield, Ill., hand badly cut; William Ryan, Sturgeon Bay, ribs broken and head cut; E. A. Twitshell, attorney at law, Minneapolis, head cut.

No. 3 northbound passenger passes No. 4 at this place, and as soon as news was received of the accident, No. 3 went to the scene with a number of physicians and nurses from here. The dead and wounded were brought back and the depot was turned into a hospital, where everything was done to make the unfortunate comfortable.

When the body of Bigelow, the head brakeman was recovered, it had a watch in one hand and a lantern on an arm. The injured who are distributed among the different hotels, it is thought will recover, except perhaps Chester, of this city.

Receiver Howard Morris and Sidney Hirsch, a business man from Ironwood, who were on the train when the accident occurred, arrived in this city at 12:15 on the regular train from Stevens Point. From them it is learned that five as far as known, were all that were killed outright and fifteen or sixteen injured, some of them very seriously. Mr. Hirsch says that the only passenger known to have been killed was a woman, name unknown.

### SANDERS' MOVEMENT.

He Is Not Allowed to Leave Leavenworth Just Yet.

LEAVENWORTH, May 30.—The boast of General Sanders that he will move his army from this city today will not be made good.

United States Marshal Neely and his deputies spent yesterday in "rounding up" the Sanders camp, getting the names of the men and their places of residence. Another contingent of commonwealers, twenty-five of Gladstone's advance guard, and went into camp on North Fourth street with General Bennett's command.

**Sanders at Wyandotte.**

KANSAS CITY, Kan., May 30.—General Sanders, the commonwealer leader, was in the city yesterday in company with one of his lieutenants, and informed the committee from the trades assembly that he would arrive with his army in the city this evening and would stop over night. He went in company with Chief Quarles to see Mayor Barnes, and asked permission to camp his army on the sandbar at the foot of Minnesota avenue. To this Mayor Barnes objected, and asked him to locate for the night outside the city limits, and it was finally arranged to have the army camp on the race track west of the city. General Sanders wanted to parade the streets, but to this there were objections raised and he finally consented to abandon the parade.

### AUSTRALIAN BALLOT.

People Greatly Pleased By New Plan for the Primaries.

The central committee of the legislative and commissioner districts, known as the city district, will meet tonight to issue the call for the primaries to nominate candidates for member of the legislature and county commissioner to succeed J. Lee Knight.

The people of the city are well pleased with the action of the county central committee in adopting the Australian ballot for the county primaries and the district committee should adopt the same plan for the district primaries. Delegate conventions are not considered quite the thing just now.

### KANSAS DRUGGISTS.

The State Pharmaceutical Association in Session at Topeka.

SALINA, May 30.—The Kansas Pharmaceutical association opened in this city with a large representation of druggists from all over the state.

The first session was occupied with routine business, committees' reports, etc. An elaborate programme has been prepared for the week, including a reception last night and a ball tonight and field sports for Friday.

The local reception committee has been kept busy during the day looking after the arriving delegates, over 200 of whom have already come.

### IT WAS A GOOD PREFACE.

Dr. Dykes Thinks That Part of His Report Is Good.

Dr. H. A. Dykes, secretary of the State Board of Health, explains that part of his report relating to registered physicians by saying the only correct registration is the first registration made, and that the age of the physician given is his age at the time he was registered, whether he was registered in 1885 or 1894.

Dr. Dykes says his report is made up entirely of the reports made to him by the county health officers and that the only thing original in his or any other report of the state board of health is the preface. Dr. Dykes insists that his preface will stand up along side of any of his predecessors.

The Second Ward Laboring Men's Republican club will hold a meeting tomorrow night at the corner of First and Monroe. Speeches will be made by P. H. Coney, G. N. Elliott, J. G. Wood and Harry Safford.

## NEWS OF KANSAS.

Men Charged With Extortion from Downs Druggists,

Are Cleared and the Prosecutor Himself Held.

### OTHER STATE NEWS.

Why Ex-Gov. Robinson Resigned from Board of Regents.

ATCHISON, May 30.—W. D. McGraw, F. J. Ingram, A. B. Ruby, H. D. Washburne, E. Courter, and L. E. Day of Downs, charged with robbery, by extorting money from J. A. Forline, C. M. Forline, J. R. Craney, G. E. Ebenother and Dr. Poole, druggists at Downs, by threats of prosecution for unlawfully selling intoxicating liquors, have been found not guilty.

The jury also found that the action was brought without cause and with malice. C. M. Forline, the prosecuting witness, was ordered committed to jail until the costs, amounting to over \$1,000 was paid. The trouble arose in the celebration of Downs' anniversary last July, and the verdict will suit the temperance faction.

Mrs. Ella Brown, city attorney of Holton, was senior counsel for the defense.

### WHY ROBINSON RESIGNED.

It Is Said He Couldn't Endorse "Reform" at the University.

LAWRENCE, May 30.—Ever since Governor Leavelle placed Governor Robinson on the board of regents he has persistently fought the Pop plan of "reforming" the university. Many changes have been formed though against his judgment and wishes, and seriously detrimental to the university, and the pressure became so strong that he was forced to retire. In order to protect his own character for honor and prevent the public from charging him with the responsibility for results and conditions which he could no longer prevent.

Leavelle refused at first to accept the resignation of Governor Robinson, knowing that it would cause severe criticism of the reform administration. He knew that the board had inaugurated a "reform" campaign at the university which Robinson could never approve of, but he hoped the governor would at least consent to remain on the board.

Another reason for the sudden and unexpected resignation of Robinson was the fight which the Jeffersonian is making on the university and Chancellor Snow. Governor Robinson is a staunch supporter of the chancellor and his work, but the Pop organ wants Snow "reformed" out of the way of some crossroads pedagogy. Governor Robinson knew that a Leavelle would stop the fight of the "reform" organ. It is said that the fight on Chancellor Snow is at the instigation of the state house crowd.

### WANT CHEAPER TELEPHONES.

St. Scott Business Men Make an Organized Effort to Get There.

ST. SCOTT, May 30.—A number of the business men of the city held a meeting to discuss the practicability of putting in a new telephone system. A committee was appointed, consisting of W. P. Patterson, George Ford, Dr. Van Velzer and M. C. Moore, to investigate the cost of putting in a system and forming a new company.

They also resolved to hold weekly meetings until they can come to some conclusion. The sentiment of the various men seemed to be against negotiating with the other company, but to take the matter into their own hands and form a stock company and put up their own line.

### A SAD SHOOTING.

A Student in the Winfield College Accidentally Kills Himself.

WINFIELD, May 30.—The remains of Anderson Smith, who was accidentally shot at Winfield, have been brought to this city for burial. Smith was attending college at Winfield.

Smith, his room mate, J. W. White, and two young ladies were out boat riding until late. About 11 o'clock he and White returned to their room on College hill.

The evening paper lay on the table and while White read aloud Smith opened the cylinder of his revolver and began to examine or clean it. There was a report and the young man pitched headlong to the floor. White at once summoned assistance, but it was too late, the ball having penetrated the heart.

His parents reside near Andover and met the remains at the depot.

### HON. C. M. CASE DEAD.

Enterprise's Prominent Citizen and Banker Passes Away.

ENTERPRISE, May 30.—Hon. C. M. Case, cashier of the bank, and a prominent citizen, died at Enterprise, Kan., May 29.

In 1861 Mr. Case entered the United States naval service as master mate of the Penguin. He was afterward ensign of the Frazier gunboat, master of the Anacosta and member of the staff of Commodore Parker. In 1864 he was appointed consul to Sidney, Australia, by President Lincoln. He was mayor of this city three terms, edited the Enterprise Journal, and was a thirty-second degree Mason.

### ALLEGED FRAUD IN ELECTIONS.

State University Students Have as Much Trouble as Politicians.

LAWRENCE, May 30.—At the Review election of the university the fellows who were in the minority are crying fraud and unfair dealing. It is alleged that somebody falsified the secretary's book, and it is to be turned over to the chancellor and results awaited.

The majority elected Editor-in-Chief Clarence Spellman; managing editor, Charlie Pettijohn; business managers, F. E. Buchan, H. G. Hopkins; associate editors, Misses Allie Rohe, Emma Barber and Landis Messrs. C. M. L. Armour, Troxel, Alden, Miller and Merryfield.

### SENDING INDECENT LETTERS.

Parsons People Annoyed by Criminal and Obscene Anonymous Letters.

PARSONS, May 30.—A number of prominent and respectable citizens of the city

have been receiving anonymous letters for months. Most of them are criminal and obscene. Some of them have gone through the mails, while others have been tucked under doors.

It is a penitentiary offense to use the mails for such a purpose. The writing has been compared and certain parties suspected. The suspects have been watched and unless this detestable practice is discontinued some one will get into serious trouble.

### NEW GENERAL OFFICE BUILDING.

The M. K. & T. Said to Have Plans Prepared for One.

PARSONS, May 30.—The bridge and building department of the M. K. & T., which is under the supervision of Chief Engineer Wilson, it is said, are now at work on the plans and specifications of the new general office building to be erected by the company.

The building will be 50x200 feet, two stories high, with a tower, and will be fitted with all the modern improvements.

### President Messers in Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, May 30.—President Messers, of Shaw university, Raleigh, N. C., is in town, and will remain until Thursday afternoon. He is to spend a portion of his summer vacation in visiting a number of reservations and schools in the southwest in the interest of the Indian Rights association of Philadelphia.

### Eating House For Salina.

SALINA, May 30.—It has been reported on good authority that the Missouri Pacific will establish an eating house here. All the through trains will stop twenty minutes for meals. This will in a degree atone for the shops that the railroad didn't build here once.

### GALVIN'S ARMY THERE.

Reach Washington and With Other Coxeyites Decorate the Peace Monument.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The Coxeyites have seized on the opportunity to exploit themselves in public under cover of a patriotic desire to decorate the peace monument of the western edge of that forbidden spot, the capital grounds.

Last evening they were reinforced by Galvin's army, one hundred and fifty strong, and after the men spent their time in gathering evergreens and wild flowers and today they marched to town and deposited their offerings on the peace monument.

### DENOUNCE COXEY'S TREATMENT.

Friends of the Commonwealth Lead Hold a Meeting in Grand, O.

CANTON, O., May 30.—An assemblage of 300 got together here to express indignation at the imprisonment of J. S. Coxey and his followers in Washington. After strong speeches by local enthusiasts voluminous resolutions were adopted. Among other things they intimated that "There is a studied effort of those in authority to abridge the rights of a class of citizens because of their poverty, while extending unlimited privileges to the well-dressed lobbies of the banker and corporate trusts in every department of government. A power rules this government that sits intrenched behind the money bags of Wall street, New York, and in the gilded offices of the corporate trusts and combines of the country. They control the officers of the nation and in most of the states, have their greedy clutches upon congress, and are using the very acts of hell itself to quash the fires of patriotism in the breasts of our well-disposed citizens. The merciless murder of citizens of Pennsylvania by bands of assassins in the garb of sworn officials, the preconceived programme of the authorities at Washington to punish Mr. Coxey and his associates were each devised and planned by an oligarchy of wealth, aided by the daily press and enforced by creatures so lost to manhood, honor and decency as to forfeit the respect of every lover of his country. The right of petition and peaceable assemblage of American citizens having been trampled, we do here and now most earnestly and emphatically protest against such acts as a violation of our most sacred rights as citizens."

The arrest and trial of Coxey is described as farcical and characterized by gross injustice. Of the sentence the resolutions say: "The senseless and inhuman sentence of Coxey and his lieutenants to imprisonment as common criminals, the forcing them into handcuffs and manacles, while permitting thieves and thugs, murderers and vile offsprings to ride free of such evidences of guilt, shows more plainly than words the character of the government. It requires the need of authority, dictated by an entrenched monopoly, to place innocent citizens anywhere in this broad land under the surveillance of hired assassins, deprive them of their liberties and jeopardize their lives."

Our sympathies are with all armies of the commonwealth, of whatever character and kind, that are marching 'On to Washington' for the purpose of demanding relief from the oppression everywhere visible in the land, and we declare that America under proper conditions would and ought to be the brightest, fairest and best land in the world."

### COMING IN SMALL SQUADS.

The Commonweal Movement Has Solved the Problem of Transportation.

HELENA, Mont., May 30.—Helena succeeded on Sunday in getting rid of the Montana corps of the commonweal army 300 strong, but she now has on her hands about as many more of the Washington army. However citizens are not wasting much time on these and if they do not keep strictly within the city ordinances they will be arrested as vagrants.

The leaders say there will be 3,000 of the Washington army pass through this city in the next two weeks. They travel in squads of ten and twenty, stealing rides on trains and Helena being a central point they stop off to rest and recruit.

### Potwin Writing Class.

E. H. Roubush desires to meet a large number of pupils at the Potwin school building, Thursday, May 31, 9 a. m., to organize a writing class.

Horace Huron will give one of his ever popular entertainments tonight at the hall of Ennis Lodge No. 61, D. of H., 704-706 Kansas avenue. Admission 25c.

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## WHAT WOMEN MOST NEED

Is It The Ballot Or Friendly Assistance?

### A PROFESSOR'S IDEAS.

Everybody is Talking About Suffrage for Women While There Are Some Important Points That Seem to Be Overlooked.

"The great agitation of the woman's suffrage question is bringing out many things about women of which few people ever think."

He was a Professor in a Medical College who spoke and he spoke earnestly. "Women are entitled to all the privileges they can secure," he continued. "Few people, except women themselves, know what they have to endure. Men cannot understand these things nor appreciate them. If they did I think they would often act differently."

The speaker paused and a shade of sadness came across his face.

"There are periodical times when every woman needs help. Men often do not know this and would be of little assistance if they did. But help in the form of something soothing, sustaining and strengthening she must have. Women talk these things over among themselves and it is pretty generally admitted that there is but one thing that can be confidently relied upon as a 'friend in need' at such a trying time. This is the standard preparation which is so valuable for men, so indispensable to women and so popular with both—Warner's Safe Cure. The effects it produces are not imaginary—they are real. It helps women at their critical times because it possesses the properties known to nothing else for soothing, healing and always helping. And it is because of these things that it is so popular."

"I do not know whether women will secure the ballot or not, but I do know that they deserve the best things mankind can bestow and that medical science and discovery have already done wonders for the sex. I, for one, hope that American women will become the brightest, strongest and healthiest women in the world for they are already the most attractive."

### They Won't Pay Ninety Cents.

LEAVENWORTH, May 30.—Kansas & Texas operators today are receiving mules from the mine and putting everything in shape to close the shaft indefinitely. Strikers have decided to demand for 90 cents in summer and \$1 for mine run coal. Operators say they will never give it.

### TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 30.—CATTLE—Receipts, 10,500, 70 cars of Texans. Market 10 cents higher. Prime to extra native steers, \$4.10@4.40; medium, \$3.75@4.00; others, \$3.50@3.65; Texans, \$2.50@3.70. HOGS—Receipts, 28,000, to 10c higher. Rough heavy, \$4.40@4.50; packers and mixed, \$4.05@4.30; prime heavy and butchers' weights, \$4.85@4.95; assorted lights, \$4.75@4.85. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 8,500. Market, sheep weak; lambs, lower. Top sheep, \$4.50@4.60.

Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY, Missouri, May 30.—CATTLE—Receipts, 2